

## **Diverse Experts Defend the Clean Power Plan in Court**

Americans want climate action. Broad, diverse interests are supporting America's Clean Power Plan in litigation pending in the U.S. Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit. The following groups and individuals last week filed legal briefs to support the most important and ambitious plan ever to combat the pollution that is fueling climate disruption:

- The nation's leading legal, grid, science and policy experts;
- Major businesses that produce and consume large quantities of energy as well as companies that provide cost-effective low- and zero- carbon solutions;
- Numerous states and local governments that are taking serious steps to address climate change and are "first responders" in addressing its grim effects;
- Consumers Union and other organizations that value the economic benefits for consumers and low income ratepayers from expansive, low cost clean energy solutions; and
- Current and former members of Congress, including 36 sitting Senators and 157 members of the House.
- Experts on the importance of climate action to protect human health and to national and global security.

Their submissions to the court reflect deep expertise and an array of important perspectives. The full list of supporters is set out below together with a few excerpts from their filings.

\* \* \*

### **18 States, plus DC:**

California ◊ Connecticut ◊ Delaware ◊ District of Columbia ◊ Hawai'i ◊ Illinois ◊ Iowa ◊ Maine ◊ Maryland ◊ Massachusetts ◊ Minnesota ◊ New Hampshire ◊ New Mexico ◊ New York ◊ Oregon ◊ Rhode Island ◊ Virginia ◊ Vermont ◊ Washington

"State Intervenor have a compelling and urgent interest in reducing dangerous carbon-dioxide pollution from the largest source of those emissions: fossil-fueled power plants. Our residents and businesses are already experiencing harms from climate change, such as flooding from rising seas, increasingly severe storms, and prolonged droughts. Unless greenhouse gases are significantly reduced, climate change threatens to worsen these harms as well as to increase extreme heat and ozone pollution, which lead to premature deaths. . . . Absent meaningful federal regulation like the [Clean Power Plan], State Intervenor may be unable to obtain needed reductions in carbon-dioxide emissions from existing power plants located in other States." (States' Brief, at 1, 3)

\* \* \*

**Power Companies:**

These 10 companies control 100,000 megawatts of generating capacity—nearly 10 percent of the nation’s total—that serve millions of customers in 26 states across the country, both in competitive and vertically-integrated markets. (Power Companies’ Brief, at 1)

Calpine  
Austin Energy  
Seattle City Light  
National Grid Generation  
PG&E

NextEra  
NY Power Authority  
Sacramento Municipal Utility District  
Southern California Edison Co.  
Los Angeles DWP

“The [Clean Power Plan] harnesses existing trends within the electricity sector, recognizing the practical realities of how the integrated electricity grid operates and how utilities are already achieving CO<sub>2</sub> reductions. It leverages strategies already widely used by the Power Companies and the broader industry to reduce emissions and deliver power at least cost to consumers, including shifting generation towards cleaner and renewable sources and emissions trading. It provides tremendous flexibility to states and power companies to achieve its emission performance goals however they see fit. The Power Companies’ collective experience reducing emissions within their respective generation portfolios demonstrates the reasonableness and achievability of those goals.” (Power Companies’ Brief, at 1-2)

In a separate filing, energy company Dominion Resources, Inc., added:

“From Dominion’s perspective, the Rule is compatible with current trends toward additional renewable and natural gas generation in the power sector based on market conditions and customer demands, as well as already-finalized state and federal environmental requirements aimed at pollutants that have long been subject to federal regulation under the Clean Air Act.” (Dominion’s Brief, at 2-3)

“Dominion Resources, Inc. ("Dominion") is an investor owned energy company that owns and operates Dominion Virginia Power, a fully integrated electric utility, serving approximately 2.4 million customers in Virginia and more than 100,000 customers in North Carolina. Dominion serves these customers with a diverse fleet of coal-fired and natural gas-fired generation facilities, four carbon-free nuclear units, and a growing portfolio of renewable generation. Many of Dominion's existing power plants will be subject to regulation under the Clean Power Plan. . . . Dominion owns and operates approximately 24,300 megawatts of generating capacity.” (Dominion’s Brief, at 1)

\* \* \*

**High Tech Companies:** Amazon, Apple, Google, Microsoft

“Tech Amici are among the most successful and innovative businesses in the United States, with a collective market capitalization of over \$1.7 trillion and hundreds of thousands of employees located in every region of the country.” (pg. 4)

“Tech Amici’s experience suggests that the Clean Power Plan will provide considerable benefits to electricity purchasers and that the Plan will not only be good for the environment, it will be good for business. Tech Amici thus have a significant interest in the success of the Clean Power Plan.” (Tech Brief at 4)

“[T]he Plan will help address climate change by reinforcing current trends that are making renewable energy supplies more robust, more reliable, and more affordable. Tech Amici welcome these developments.” (pg. 4)

**Leading Consumer Brands:** Mars, IKEA, Adobe, Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Massachusetts

“The Amici Companies . . . are all corporate electricity consumers and purchasers. They represent a diverse set of industries from software product solutions, to furniture and home furnishings, food and other consumer goods, and insurance. These companies are some of this nation’s most prominent and most recognizable consumer brands and businesses, and their operations span the entire United States. Together, the Amici Companies use a significant amount of electricity to power their business operations, manufacturing facilities, warehouses, data centers, and other infrastructure in the United States. . . . It is important to the Amici Companies that they reduce their carbon footprints by procuring their electricity from low- and zero-emitting greenhouse gas sources, not only to be good stewards of the environment and of the public health and welfare, but also because it preserves their economic interests.” (Consumer Brands Brief at 2)

“[T]he Amici Companies support complete and swift implementation of the Clean Power Plan to protect the public health and welfare.” (Brief at 25)

\* \* \*

**Advanced Energy Associations:** representing more than 3,000 companies and organizations in the advanced energy sector, a \$200 billion industry in the United States.

American Wind Energy Association  
Solar Energy Industries Association

## Advanced Energy Economy

“[T]he agency relied on extensive data to project growth in renewable generating capacity and to determine the increased electricity that can be generated by zero-emitting renewable energy.” (Advanced Energy Associations’ Brief, at 2)

“While Petitioners [opposed to the Clean Power Plan] may *disagree* with [EPA’s] determinations, they do not show (as they must) that the agency failed to engage in reasoned decision-making. To the contrary, EPA’s targets are consistent with proven, well-established practices in the industry and in line with current industry trends.” (Brief at 2)

\* \* \*

### **25 Business Associations:**

American Sustainable Business Council	New York State Sustainable Business Council
South Carolina Small Business Chamber of Commerce	P3Utah
U.S. Black Chambers, Inc.	Business and Labor Coalition of New York
Climate Action Business Association, New England	Small Business Minnesota
Pioneer Valley Local First	Metro Independent Business Council (Minneapolis)
Local First Ithaca	Lowcountry Local First (South Carolina)
Green America	Local First Arizona
Kentucky Sustainable Business Council	Sustainable Business Network of Massachusetts
West Virginia Sustainable Business Council	Sustainable Business Network of Greater Philadelphia
Ohio Sustainable Business Council	Hampton Roads Hispanic Chamber of Commerce
Idaho Clean Energy Association	Heartland Black Chamber of Commerce (Kansas)
Integrative Healthcare Policy Consortium	
Sustainable Furnishings Council	
National Small Business Network	

“The Plan will stimulate economic growth and job creation in clean and renewable energy, energy efficiency, and other energy sources and technologies. By contrast, the cost of unchecked climate change that can be quantified economically dwarfs the costs of the Plan—even without considering the enormous unquantifiable costs of climate change.” (Business Ass’ns Brief at 1-2)

\* \* \*

**60 Municipalities:** From 28 different states, with a total population of 33 million. Bolded cities are in states that are either opposing or not participating in the CPP litigation.

Municipalities participating as intervenors:

**Boulder, CO**  
Chicago, IL

New York, NY  
**Philadelphia, PA**

**South Miami, FL**  
**Broward Cnty, FL**

Municipalities participating as amici:

Nat'l League of Cities	<b>Orlando, FL</b>	Portland, ME	Milwaukie, OR
US Council of Mayors	<b>Pinecrest, FL</b>	<b>Ann Arbor, MI</b>	Portland, OR
<b>Tucson, AZ</b>	<b>W. Palm Beach, FL</b>	<b>Grand Rapids, MI</b>	<b>Pittsburgh, PA</b>
Berkeley, CA	<b>Clarkston, GA</b>	Minneapolis, MN	<b>West Chester, PA</b>
Los Angeles, CA	<b>Boise, ID</b>	<b>Missoula, MT</b>	Providence, RI
Oakland, CA	Aurora, IL	<b>Chapel Hill, NC</b>	<b>Knoxville, TN</b>
San Francisco, CA	Elgin, IL	<b>Hoboken, NJ</b>	<b>Dallas, TX</b>
West Hollywood, CA	Evanston, IL	<b>Jersey City, NJ</b>	<b>Houston, TX</b>
<b>Boulder Cnty, CO</b>	Highland Park, IL	<b>Henderson, NV</b>	<b>Salt Lake City, UT</b>
<b>Fort Collins, CO</b>	<b>Bloomington, IN</b>	<b>Reno, NV</b>	Arlington Cnty, VA
<b>Coral Gables, FL</b>	<b>Carmel, IN</b>	Rochester, NY	Bellingham, WA
<b>Cutler Bay, FL</b>	Boston, MA	Syracuse, NY	King County, WA
<b>Miami, FL</b>	Holyoke, MA	<b>Newburgh Heights, OH</b>	<b>Madison, WI</b>
<b>Miami Beach, FL</b>	Baltimore, MD	Eugene, OR	<b>Washburn, WI</b>

“Cities . . . are America’s “first responders” to climate change.” (Amicus Cities Brief at 2)

“The acute relevance of anthropogenic climate change to cities’ responsibilities has focused Local Government Coalition members’ attention on the dangers of failing to mitigate climate change, as well as on the pressing need to adapt to it. . . . Educated by their experiences and anticipating the still more dramatic climatic changes looming in the foreseeable future, amici write in support of EPA and of the Clean Power Plan.” (pg. 9)

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**208 Members of Congress:** 157 Representatives; 36 Senators; 15 former members

“[The Clean Power Plan] is entirely consistent with the text, structure, and history of the CAA and, in fact, advances the objectives Congress set out to accomplish in the CAA. If this Court were to accept petitioners’ argument, it would fundamentally undermine the statutory program that Congress put in place when it enacted the CAA.” (Congressional Brief at 2-3)

**Representatives:**

Ruben Gallego (Arizona)  
Raul M. Grijalva (Arizona)  
Pete Aguilar (California)

Alan Grayson (Florida)  
Alcee L. Hastings (Florida)  
Patrick Murphy (Florida)

Bill Pascrell, Jr. (New Jersey)  
Donald Payne (New Jersey)  
Albio Sires (New Jersey)

Karen Bass (California)	Debbie Wasserman Schultz (Florida)	Bonnie Watson Coleman (New Jersey)
Xavier Becerra (California)	Frederica S. Wilson (Florida)	Ben Ray Lujan (New Mexico)
Ami Bera (California)	Henry C. Johnson (Georgia)	Michelle Lujan Grisham (New Mexico)
Julia Brownley (California)	John Lewis (Georgia)	Dina Titus (Nevada)
Lois Capps (California)	K. Mark Takai (Hawai'i)	Joseph Crowley (New York)
Tony Cardenas (California)	David Loebsack (Iowa)	Eliot L. Engel (New York)
Judy Chu (California)	Cheri Bustos (Illinois)	Brian Higgins (New York)
Susan A. Davis (California)	Danny K. Davis (Illinois)	Steve Israel (New York)
Mark DeSaulnier (California)	Tammy Duckworth (Illinois)	Hakeem Jeffries (New York)
Anna G. Eshoo (California)	Bill Foster (Illinois)	Nita M. Lowey (New York)
Sam Farr (California)	Luis V. Gutierrez (Illinois)	Carolyn B. Maloney (New York)
John Garamendi (California)	Robin Kelly (Illinois)	Sean Maloney (New York)
Janice Hahn (California)	Daniel Lipinski (Illinois)	Gregory W. Meeks (New York)
Michael M. Honda (California)	Michael Quigley (Illinois)	Grace Meng (New York)
Jared Huffman (California)	Bobby L. Rush (Illinois)	Jerrold Nadler (New York)
Barbara Lee (California)	Janice D. Schakowsky (Illinois)	Charles B. Rangel (New York)
Ted Lieu (California)	Andre Carson (Indiana)	Kathleen Rice (New York)
Zoe Lofgren (California)	John A. Yarmuth (Kentucky)	Jose E. Serrano (New York)
Alan S. Lowenthal (California)	Cedric L. Richmond (Louisiana)	Louise McIntosh Slaughter (New York)
Doris Okada Matsui (California)	Katherine Clark (Massachusetts)	Paul Tonko (New York)
Jerry McNerney (California)	Bill Keating (Massachusetts)	Earl Blumenauer (Oregon)
Grace F. Napolitano (California)	Joseph Kennedy (Massachusetts)	Suzanne Bonamici (Oregon)
Nancy Pelosi (California)	Stephen F. Lynch (Massachusetts)	Peter A. DeFazio (Oregon)
Scott Peters (California)	James P. McGovern (Massachusetts)	Kurt Schrader (Oregon)
Lucille Roybal-Allard (California)	Seth Moulton (Massachusetts)	Brendan F. Boyle (Pennsylvania)
Raul Ruiz (California)	Richard E. Neal (Massachusetts)	Robert A. Brady (Pennsylvania)
Loretta Sanchez (California)	Niki Tsongas (Massachusetts)	Matthew Cartwright (Pennsylvania)
Linda T. Sanchez (California)	Elijah E. Cummings (Maryland)	Michael F. Doyle (Pennsylvania)
Adam B. Schiff (California)	John Delaney (Maryland)	Chaka Fattah (Pennsylvania)
Brad Sherman (California)	Donna Edwards (Maryland)	David Cicilline (Rhode Island)
Jackie Speier (California)	Steny H. Hoyer (Maryland)	James R. Langevin (Rhode Island)
Eric Swalwell (California)	C.A. Ruppersberger (Maryland)	James E. Clyburn (South Carolina)
Mark Takano (California)	John P. Sarbanes (Maryland)	Stephen I. Cohen (Tennessee)
Mike Thompson (California)	Christopher Van Hollen (Maryland)	Joaquin Castro (Texas)
Juan Vargas (California)	Chellie Pingree (Maine)	Sheila Jackson Lee (Texas)
Maxine Waters (California)	John Conyers (Michigan)	Eddie Bernice Johnson (Texas)
Diana DeGette (Colorado)	Debbie Dingell (Michigan)	Beto O'Rourke (Texas)
Ed Perlmutter (Colorado)	Daniel Kildee (Michigan)	Donald Beyer (Virginia)
Jared Polis (Colorado)	Brenda Lawrence (Michigan)	Gerald E. Connolly (Virginia)
Joseph Courtney (Connecticut)	Sander M. Levin (Michigan)	Robert C. Scott (Virginia)
Rosa L. DeLauro (Connecticut)	Keith M. Ellison (Minnesota)	Peter F. Welch (Vermont)
Elizabeth Esty (Connecticut)	Betty McCollum (Minnesota)	Suzan DelBene (Washington)
Jim Himes (Connecticut)	Emanuel Cleaver (Missouri)	Denny Heck (Washington)
John B. Larson (Connecticut)	Gregorio Sablan (Northern Mariana)	Derek C. Kilmer (Washington)
Eleanor Norton (District of Columbia)	Alma Adams (North Carolina)	Jim McDermott (Washington)
John Carney (Delaware)	George K. Butterfield (North Carolina)	Adam Smith (Washington)
Corrine Brown (Florida)	David E. Price (North Carolina)	Gwen Moore (Wisconsin)
Katherine Castor (Florida)	Ann Kuster (New Hampshire)	Mark Pocan (Wisconsin)
Theodore Deutch (Florida)	Donald Norcross (New Jersey)	

Lois Frankel (Florida)

Frank Pallone (New Jersey)

**Senators:**

Barbara Boxer (California)  
Dianne Feinstein (California)  
Michael Bennet (Colorado)  
Richard Blumenthal (Connecticut)  
Thomas R. Carper (Delaware)  
Christopher Coons (Delaware)  
Mazie Hirono (Hawai'i)  
Brian Schatz (Hawai'i)  
Richard J. Durbin (Illinois)  
Angus King (Maine)  
Benjamin L. Cardin (Maryland)  
Edward J. Markey (Massachusetts)

Gary Peters (Michigan)  
Debbie Stabenow (Michigan)  
Al Franken (Minnesota)  
Amy Klobuchar (Minnesota)  
Harry Reid (Nevada)  
Jeanne Shaheen (New Hampshire)  
Cory A. Booker (New Jersey)  
Robert Menendez (New Jersey)  
Martin T. Heinrich (New Mexico)  
Kirsten E. Gillibrand (New York)  
Charles E. Schumer (New York)  
Sherrod Brown (Ohio)

Jeffrey Merkley (Oregon)  
Ron Wyden (Oregon)  
Robert P. Casey (Pennsylvania)  
Jack Reed (Rhode Island)  
Sheldon Whitehouse (Rhode Island)  
Tim Kaine (Virginia)  
Mark Warner (Virginia)  
Patrick J. Leahy (Vermont)  
Bernard Sanders (Vermont)  
Maria Cantwell (Washington)  
Patty Murray (Washington)  
Tammy Baldwin (Wisconsin)

**Former Members:**

George Miller (California)  
Henry Waxman (California)  
Timothy E. Wirth (Colorado)  
Joseph I. Lieberman (Connecticut)  
Tom Harkin (Iowa)

George J. Mitchell (Maine)  
Carl Levin (Michigan)  
Milton “Bob” Carr (Michigan)  
David Durenberger (Minnesota)  
Robert J. Kerrey (Nebraska)

Bill Hughes (New Jersey)  
Sherwood Boehlert (New York)  
Thomas Downey (New York)  
Thomas A. Daschle (South Dakota)  
Jim Moran (Virginia)

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**Leading Experts:**

- National security experts **Madeleine K. Albright; Leon E. Panetta; William J. Burns:** “[G]lobal warming makes the world more volatile and less safe — which provides another reason why concerted, persistent action by the United States is of paramount importance. Over the past decade, American military leaders consistently have highlighted the national security implications of global warming.” (National Security Brief at 11)
- Two former EPA Administrators, **William Ruckelshaus** (appointed by Nixon and Reagan) and **William Reilly** (appointed by George H.W. Bush): “The Plan is a pragmatic, flexible, and cost-effective pollution control program, which properly respects State sovereignty by affording States substantial authority and latitude to decide whether and how best to administer its provisions.” (Former Administrator Brief at 1)
- Institute for Policy Integrity at NYU School of Law: “[T]he rule relies on familiar, flexible reduction techniques that EPA has used for several decades and under administrations of both parties. Courts have repeatedly upheld these techniques as reasonable exercises of EPA’s discretion.” (IPI Brief at 4)

- Lead drafters of the 1970 CAA Tom Jorling and Leon Billings: “The 1970 Amendments were designed as an all-encompassing scheme for the regulation of emissions of any and all air pollutants that are harmful to human health and the environment. They granted EPA the flexibility to regulate all known and later discovered air pollutants. The purpose of this statutory scheme was to ‘establish that the air is a public resource’ and to provide an ‘intensive and comprehensive attack on air pollution’. Regulation of carbon dioxide is clearly contemplated by this design.” (CAA Experts Brief at 5)
- 5 Electricity Grid Experts: “[T]he Rule respects and harnesses the routine shifting of generation among sources to cost-effectively reduce CO2 emissions from the machine as a whole. . . . The gradual shifts that the Rule promotes are modest compared to broader changes already underway, as the power sector trends away from coal and toward cheaper, more efficient lower-carbon sources.” (Grid Experts Brief, at 15)
- 20 Climate Scientists: “[A]n overwhelming consensus has developed within the scientific community: climate change is occurring, and human activities are extremely likely the dominant cause. . . . We are not lawyers or policymakers, and we are not attempting to present ourselves as such. But we weigh in, in this amicus brief, to elaborate on the need to address anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases, based on our current understanding of the science. We believe that the Clean Power Plan is a welcome beginning.” (Climate Scientists’ Brief, at 12)

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## **16 Former State Officials:**

**Matt Baker (Colorado)** – former PUC Commissioner

**Janet Gail Besser (Massachusetts)** – former Chair and Commissioner, Department of Telecommunications and Energy

**Ron Binz (Colorado)** – former PUC Chairman

**Garry Brown (New York)** – former Chair and Commissioner, Public Service Commission

**Michael H. Dworkin (Vermont)** – former Chairman, Public Service Board

**Jeanne Fox (New Jersey)** – former President and Commissioner, Board of Public Utilities

**Dian Grueneich (California)** – former PUC Commissioner

**Paul Hibbard (Massachusetts)** – former Chair, Department of Public Utilities

**Karl Rábago (Texas)** – former PUC Commissioner

**Cheryl Roberto (Ohio)** – former PUC Commissioner

**Barbara Roberts (Colorado)** – former Chair, Air Quality Control Commission

**Jim Roth (Oklahoma)** – former Commissioner, Oklahoma Corporation Commission

**Larry Soward (Texas)** – former Commissioner, Commission on Environmental Quality



**Kelly Speakes-Backman (Maryland)** – former Commissioner, Public Service Commission

**Sue Tierney (Massachusetts & DOE)** – former PUC Commissioner, former DOE Assistant Secretary

**Kathryn Watson (Indiana)** – former branch chief, Air Programs, Department of Environmental Management

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## **9 Leading Health Associations**

American Thoracic Society  
American Medical Association  
American Academy of Pediatrics  
American College of Preventive Medicine  
American College of Occupational and Environmental Medicine

National Medical Association  
American Pediatric Association  
National Association for Medical Direction of Respiratory Care  
American Public Health Association

“Direct impacts from the changing climate include heat-related illness, declines in air quality, and increased respiratory and cardiovascular illness. The extreme weather expected to occur alongside climate change may lead to injury, disability, and death. Changes in climate also facilitate the migration of mosquito-borne diseases, such as dengue fever and malaria, into new locations, increasing exposure to these and other pathogens. These harmful effects are particularly potent for vulnerable populations such as children, the elderly, communities of color, and the poor. . . . Failure to uphold the Clean Power Plan would undermine EPA’s ability to carry out its legal obligation to regulate carbon emissions that endanger human health, and would negatively impact the health of current and future generations of Americans.” (Health Associations’ Brief, at 2-3).

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## **Service Employees International Union**

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**Ratepayer and Consumer Protection Organizations:** Consumers Union, Public Citizen, Illinois Citizens Utility Board

“The EPA’s final Clean Power Plan leverages energy-efficiency opportunities to achieve greenhouse-gas emission reductions in a way that directly benefits consumers, low-income households, and other electricity ratepayers. . . . A wealth of empirical evidence over the past decade shows that clean-power programs improve access to affordable electricity, reduce greenhouse-gas emissions, and

increase energy efficiency for utilities, businesses, and consumers alike.”  
(Consumer & Ratepayer Organizations’ Brief at 2-3)

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**41 Faith Communities** made 2 core arguments in their amicus filing:

\* “We face a moral imperative to protect the Earth and all its inhabitants from a climate crisis of our own making.”

\* “The Rule is a crucial step to mitigate climate change, but contrary to Petitioners’ contention, it is an incremental, not radical, one.”

Catholic Climate Covenant  
Catholic Rural Life  
Evangelical Environmental Network  
National Council of Churches USA  
Coalition on the Environment and Jewish Life  
Church World Service  
Union of Reform Judaism  
Women of Reform Judaism  
National Baptist Convention of America  
Progressive National Baptist Convention  
Hazon  
Sisters of Mercy of the Americas, Institute Leadership Team  
Maryknoll Sisters  
Sisters of the Divine Compassion  
The Columban Center for Advocacy and Outreach  
Cabrini College  
Fordham University  
University of San Diego  
Center for Sustainability at Saint Louis University  
Center for Human Rights and International Justice, Boston College  
The Boisi Center of Boston College  
Conference for Mercy Higher Education  
University of San Francisco  
Le Moyne College  
The Center for Peace and Justice Education  
Loyola University Maryland  
The College of the Holy Cross  
Florida Council of Churches  
Wisconsin Council of Churches  
The Diocese of Stockton, California  
The Diocese of Des Moines, Iowa  
The Diocese of Davenport, Iowa  
Catholic Committee of Appalachia

Sisters of Charity of New York  
Dominican Sisters of Springfield, IL  
Sisters of St. Joseph Earth Center  
Sisters of St. Joseph Peace Leadership Team  
Sisters of Charity of Saint Elizabeth Office of Peace, Justice and Ecological Integrity  
School Sisters of Notre Dame Atlantic Midwest Province Department of Justice, Peace  
and Integrity of Creation  
Buffalo Diocese Care for Creation Committee  
Dominican Sisters of Grand Rapids

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**Leading Health and Environmental Organizations:**

Participating as intervenors:

American Lung Association; Center for Biological Diversity; Clean Air Council;  
Clean Wisconsin; Coal River Mountain Watch; Conservation Law Foundation;  
Environmental Defense Fund; Kanawha Forest Coalition; Keepers of the  
Mountains Foundation; Mon Valley Clean Air Coalition; Natural Resources  
Defense Council; The Ohio Environmental Council; Ohio Valley Environmental  
Coalition; Sierra Club; West Virginia Highlands Conservancy

Participating as amici:

Union of Concerned Scientists